On investigation of three-dimensional initial-boundary value problem for thermoelastic piezoelectric bodies

<u>Gia Avalishvili</u>ª, Mariam Avalishvili^b

E-mail: gia.avalishvili@tsu.ge

 ^a Chair of Numerical Analysis and Computational Technologies, I. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University, 3, I. Tchavtchavadze Ave., 0179 Tbilisi
^b School of Informatics, Engineering and Mathematics, University of Georgia, 77a, M. Kostava Str., 0175 Tbilisi

In the present paper three-dimensional linear dynamical model of thermoelastic piezoelectric bodies is considered with regard to magnetic field [1, 2]. Initial-boundary value problem with mixed boundary conditions corresponding to dynamical three-dimensional model of elastic body consisting of general inhomogeneous anisotropic material is investigated, when on certain parts of the boundary displacement vector, electric and magnetic potentials, and temperature is given, and on the remaining parts of the boundary density of surface force, and components of electric displacement, magnetic induction and heat flux vectors along the outward normal vector of the boundary are given. On the basis of differential formulation of the three-dimensional problem the corresponding variational formulation is obtained in spaces of vector-valued distributions with values in suitable Sobolev spaces. On the basis of the variational formulation by applying Faedo-Galerkin method, suitable a-priori estimates and compactness arguments the existence, uniqueness and continuous dependence of the solution on given data is proved.

Acknowlegment. This work was supported by Shota Rustaveli National Science Foundation (SRNSF) [Grant number 217596, Construction and investigation of hierarchical models for thermoelastic piezoelectric structures].

References

[1] J.Y. Li, Magnetoelectroelastic multi-inclusion and inhomogeneity problems and their applications in composite materials, Int. J. Eng. Sci., 38 (2000), 1993-2011.

[2] D. Natroshvili, Mathematical problems of thermo-electro-magneto-elasticity, Lecture Notes of TICMI, 12 (2011).